

DAR-Policy and Strategic Research Service. Case Study on the Movements in the Development Levels of ALBAPA ARC in Valladolid, Negros Occidental: The Sample ARC that Has Regressed from Level 5 to 3. Diliman, Quezon City. Case Study Reports on the Movements in the Development Levels of Selected Agrarian Reform Communities (ARCs). Volume 2. January 2009.

The case study aimed to generate inputs for the review of the Assessment of the Level of Development of ARCs (ALDA) as a tool for measuring the development levels of Agrarian Reform Communities (ARCs) and to identify program interventions that are needed to sustain gains that have been achieved by the ARCs. The ALBAPA ARC was selected based on the movements in the levels of development in ARCs from CY 2001 to 2007, i.e., ARCs that has regressed in its level of development from Level 5 to Level 3 based on the 2001 to 2007 ALDA ratings. The study utilized both primary and secondary data. Findings of the study show that the Key Result Areas (KRAs) that contributed to the regression of ALDA ratings of ALBAPA ARC are: 1) the Farm Production and Income (FPI) due to the ARBs' low farm production; 2) Economic and Physical Infrastructure Support Services (ECOPISS) due to limited access of the ARBs to irrigation system and credit services; and 3) Organizational Maturity (OM) due to the inclusion of four non-functional cooperatives for about six to 10 years. The study also indicates that ALDA is a comprehensive tool in determining the level of maturity of the organizations and level of development of an ARC. However, it also cited the weaknesses in the conduct of ALDA, namely, the insufficiency of the allotted time and the inclusion of non-functional cooperatives in the conduct of ALDA.